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Groundhos Day

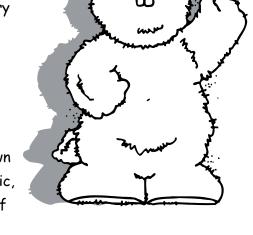
Groundhog Day, celebrated annually on February 2nd, is a unique and quirky tradition is observed in North America. This day revolves around the curious belief that a groundhog's behavior on this particular day can predict the weather for the coming weeks.

Groundhog Day finds its roots in ancient European traditions, particularly the celebration of Candlemas Day. According to folklore, if a badger came out from its den on Candlemas Day and saw its shadow, there would be four more weeks of winter. German settlers in the United States adapted this tradition and substituted a groundhog for the badger, bringing

forth the emergence of Groundhog Day.

The most famous groundhog associated with Groundhog Day is Punxsutawney Phil, who resides in Punxsutawney, Pennsylvania. Every February 2nd, Phil emerges from his burrow, and according to tradition, if he sees his shadow, there will be six more weeks of winter. If not, an early spring is predicted.

Punxsutawney Phil's weather prediction is revealed during an annual ceremony that attracts thousands of spectators. The groundhog is brought out of his burrow, and a group of people known as the Inner Circle watch his behavior. The ceremony includes music, entertainment, and a festive atmosphere that adds to the charm of this peculiar tradition.



While Punxsutawney Phil is the most famous, other towns and cities across North America have their own groundhogs, each with its own prediction ceremony. Some notable examples include Wiarton Willie in Canada and Staten Island Chuck in New York City. These groundhogs contribute to the regional variations and unique celebrations of Groundhog Day.

While Groundhog Day is embraced as a lighthearted and fun tradition, it is not based on scientific principles. The idea that a groundhog's shadow can predict the weather is more of a fun event than weather science. Nevertheless, the tradition has endured for decades, captivating the imaginations of people and adding a touch of whimsy to the winter season.

Groundhog Day, with its roots in ancient customs and its blend of folklore and festivity, continues to be a beloved tradition in North America. Whether or not Punxsutawney Phil sees his shadow, the celebration of Groundhog Day brings communities together, offering a playful and light-hearted way to embrace the anticipation of the changing seasons.

1. Where is Punxsutawney Phil, the most famous groundhog associated with Groundhog Day, located?					
a. Punxsutawney, Pennsylvania.					
b. Wiarton, Canada.					
c. New York City.					
d. Staten Island.					
2. What is the significance of Punxsutawney Phil seeing his shadow?					
It indicates there will be six more weeks of winter.					
b. It signifies the arrival of spring.					
c. It predicts a mild winter.					
d. It has no significance.					
3. Which statement best describes the regional variations of Groundhog Day celebrations?					
a. Different groundhogs predict different weather outcomes.					
b. Groundhogs from different regions have different behaviors.					
c. Different towns and cities have their own groundhogs and ceremonies.					
d. The predictions of groundhogs vary across North America.					
4. Is the tradition of Groundhog Day based on scientific principles?					
a. Yes, it is a reliable way to predict the weather.					
b. No, it is purely based on folklore and fun.					
c. Yes, but it is a blend of science and folklore.					
d. No, it is based on ancient customs.					
5. What is the enduring appeal of Groundhog Day?					
a. The accurate weather predictions of groundhogs.					
b. The festive atmosphere and community celebrations.					
c. The scientific principles behind the tradition.					
d. The anticipation of the changing seasons.					
6. What is different between Groundhog Day and the tradition from Europe related to Candlemas?					
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